G. R. S. 58]

Previous references.

Rel 24-09 (1-5)

1912-13

(Mun)

File No 60-12

Serial Nos 17 to 35

Later references

Rel 163-13-8 244 of May 1916

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Serial Nos 17 to 35

Part B for April 1913

SUBJECT

Rules and bye Laws under the Municipal Regulation VII of 1906

---

(17) No 141 dt 23-12-12 From the President-Bangalore City Municipality Council

Ref to para 4 of GO No 706/ Rel 24-09-5 dt 25-7-11 directing the promulgation of bye-laws regarding the Slaughter houses in the City. Submits for orders a copy of draft bye-laws framed under sub-section (a) of Sec 48 of the Municipal Regulation for regulating the working of the Slaughter houses as modified by the council in the light of objections received

GPB—5,000—22-10-12

L o no 8896 dt 3-5-13 to the President Bangalore City Municipal Council

Accord sanction to the Bye-Laws in question with slight alterations and attends a copy of the same as revised and sanctioned—

D Nanderwa Rao
14/5/13

3632

G R.S. 11] 1912-18

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

(Munl)

NOTES

File No 60-12

FILE HEADING.

Rules and bye-laws under the Municipal Regulation VII of 1906.

From

The President, Bangalore city Munl Council

No. 141 Dated 23 12 12 Received 26 12-12

Diary No 3632	Enclos 4 Spare Copies	Serial No. 17

BRIEF ABSTRACT OF LETTER.

Ref 6 para 4 of G. O. No. 756/mul 24-09-5 & 25-7-11 dtd. enq the promulgation of bye-laws regarding the Slaughter-houses in the city, submits for orders a copy of draft bye-laws framed under Sub-Section (a) of Sec 49 of the Mund Regulation for regulating the working of the Slaughter houses as modified by the Council in the light of the objections received

NOTES AND ORDERS.

The draft bye-laws originally framed and published by city Municipal closely followed the Slaughter house bye-laws of the C and M station municipality and they have been subsequently modified by the council on the lines of the objections recei

NOTES—First Sheet

(1P11.-35,000—15-6-12

Serial No

received in response to the notice published in respect of the said draft bye-laws

2) The wordings of the bye-laws Nos 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8 to 12, 13, 14 and 15 in the draft are identical with those of the corresponding bye-laws of the Cantt. Station

3) Bye-law No 3. The words "The orders of the President" occurring at the beginning of the last sentence of this bye law of the C & M Station has been changed in the draft into "the orders of such officer as the President may appoint in this behalf"

4) Bye law No 7) In the Station bye-law the hours of slaughtering is 2 to 7 PM both in the draft 3 to 6 PM.

May stand
My

5) Bye-law No 12. In the C & M station bye law (No 13) there are 4 clauses viz- (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) defining the duties of the Slaughter house contractor but in the draft only clause (e) is retained as bye-law No 12.

6) Bye laws Nos 16 to 20 in the draft are new additions and are not contained in the C & M. Station bye-laws.

7) Bye laws Nos 17 to 20 of the draft bye-laws ordinarily framed on the lines of those of the

Note—Contin. sheet.

363 3

[G R. S 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat.

2nd File No. 60 of 1912

Serial No

The C & M stations have been omitted in the draft bye-laws now under disposal in the light of the objections received.

3) The formalities prescribed in the sub-sections 2 and 3 of Section 48 of the Municipal Regulation have been observed.

4) Draft confirming the bye-laws is submitted for approval and a ~~true~~ typed copy of the C. & M. stations Rural Bye-laws

Yours
19.2.13.
10. Dy Secy)

ZH
20/2/13

Note—Contn. sheet.

GIP—63,000—1-C-12.

G.R.S. 13]

3 xv,

Routine Notes.

[To be used only for notes, requisitions, etc., not intended for permanent record]

11 In connection with draft Slaughter House bye-laws of the Bangalore city, submitted by the President, the Dy Secy wants some additional information in the matter which is not contained in the ~~enclosure~~ President's references under disposal

Draft of a DO calling for the same is submitted for approval. 12 Issue

22.2.13

13.) DO No 6443 dy 22 2 13 to the President, Bangalore city Muni Council

Requests him to state the circumstances which led the Muni Council to omit clauses (a) (b) (c) & (d) and to retain only clause (e) of bye-law No. 13 of the C&M. Station Bye-laws in the draft bye-laws and to intimate the arrangement to

N B.—Should routine notes be written on small slips, the notes must be copied, or slips pasted on this form.

GPB—25,000—22-7-12

3653
6041

R. S 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | File No. 60 of 1912

Serial No.	
	to be proposed for conserving the Slaughter house
	14. From the President, Bangalore cly Mont Cantt No 120 dated 25-2-13 stating that the Conservancy Dept daily cleans and conserves the Slaughter house premises and that clauses (a) (b) (c) (d) of No 13 of C & M Stations Bye-laws were found not to be applicable to this locality and clause (e) was only retained.
	15. Submitted for orders
	3/3 16. Put up fair draft as revised
	17. Fair draft co submitted
	18 (On Sec 4)
	19. The draft bye-laws regarding the Slaughter houses in the Bangalore City require approval Draft put up They follow the bye-laws in force in the Cant & Military Station, Bangalore as far as they are applicable, but few amendments or modifications

NOTE—Contin. sheet.

5041 5

R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat.

Serial No.

File No. 60 of 1912

are valid in the draft bill for the following reasons:—

(i) Rule 2 2nd line. Put "immediate" before "change" as in the Cantonment Rule 1.

(ii) Rule 3:- last but one line:- Substitute "the Provided" for "such officer" as in the Cantonment Rule 3. It is important to make only the Provided order final

(iii) Rule 9 - line 9 Substitute "whenever" for "when" This is merely a verbal change

(iv) omit the last sentence in Rule 17 as the fixing of undesirable persons or animals could be provided for by-law 20 enforced as a penalty for the breach No corresponding rule is found in Cantonment

1965 18.3.13

D Customs) 20 Approved 19 4 13

D. M. Narangkar 18/3

21 Put up draft according

22 Submitted with draft for approval.

26.4.13

25. 4. 13

Notes—Contin. sheet.

GPB—65,000—17-6-12.

(G.)R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat.

Red File No. 60 of 1912

Serial No.	
35	26. Q. Dt. 8896 & 3-5-13 & the President Bangalore ad Comml. Amends sanction to the bye-laws in question with slight alterations and affixes a copy of the bye-laws as revised and sanctioned

NOTE.—Comm. object.

GPE.—33,000—17-4-12.

CITY MUNI[illegible] OFFICE,
BANG[illegible]
Date of Receipt 23/9/11
General No 1182 Date 23/9/11
Register No Date

To

B. J. Kumaraswami Naik, Esqr.;
President of the Municipal councillors,
BANGALORE CITY.

Sir,

We the sheep dealers and other residents of the Bangalore City respectfully beg to state that the slaughter house byelaws which are published in Hindustani and Kanarese, seemed to have been framed without consulting the leading citizens or their representatives in Bangalore City, as they contain much that is objectionable and unworkable in practice that if brought into force as they are, would lead to sereous hardship and inconveniences to the general public who seem to have been identified with the habitual dealers in mutton in several clauses of the byelaws.

We therefore take the liberty of pointing out some of the objectionable features of the byelaws, suggest some alterations and humbly pray that they may be deeply considered with a view to modify the byelaws accordingly.

In clause 3 of the byelaws, it is stated that the V. Inspector should inspect every sheep or goat and certify to its healthiness before it is slaughtered.

We beg to state that he is a poorly paid official and as such cannot be expected to be quite above temptations always at least free from personal likings and prejudices. If his certificate is final, very large powers and much discretion are left in his hands. To guard against the possibility of his giving abiassed opinion in any case, it is necessary to add a proviso in the para - that in cases of doubt or difference of opinion as to the healthy condit.

of

Ex Bnd 60-12/812 2

Extract from the Proceedings of the Bangalore City Municipal Council at a Special Meeting held on the 6th August 1912.

Present.

B.J.Kumaraswami Naik Esq.,
President.

B.S.Ranoji Rao Esq
Vice President.
A.K.Pani Esq
Health Officer.

Absent.

The Executive Engineer,
Bangalore Division.

The Amildar, Bangalore Taluk

Municipal Councillors.

Messrs:-

D.Adeppa
Mir. Md. Gows Razvi
C.Krishnamurti
S.Venkataranga Iyengar
D.Venkataramayya
B.Usman Khan

Messrs -

D.A.Rees
C.S.Doraswami Iyer
D.B.Ramachandra Moodr
C.V.Narasimmiengar
B.K.Garuda Char
B.Ramachandrappa
B.Basanna
B.V.Ramaswami Chetty
G. H.Krumbiegel
M.Subbayya
H.Ramaiya
B.Hanumappa
Beli Srinivasa Rao.

Read -

Draft bye-laws relating to the working of Slaughter houses in the City.

Also General and Revenue Secretary's letter No. 706/24-09-5 dated the 26th July 1911 in the matter of levying ground-rent on sheep and goats sold in the City.

Resolution -Passed with modifications noted in the draft.

Sd. B.J.Kumaraswami Naik,
President.

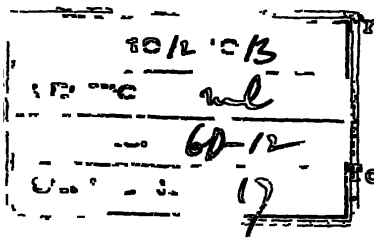
"COPY"

For President.

No. 1141
Encl. 4.

Office of the Municipal Council,
Bangalore City,
Dated the 23rd December 1912.

3632



From

The President, Municipal Council,
Bangalore City.

To

The Secretary to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments,
Bangalore.

Sir,

Reg S 41-5

Adverting to para 4 of your letter No. 706/M1. 24-09-5 dated the 25th July 1911, directing the promulgation of bye-laws regarding the Slaughter-houses in the City, I have the honour to submit herewith copy of the draft bye-laws, framed under sub-section (a) of Section 48 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, for regulating the working of the slaughter-houses as modified by the Council in the light of objections received, at their Special Meeting held on the 6th August 1912, together with the notice issued under clause 2 of the said Section.

2. A copy of the Resolution of the Council with the complaint petition received regarding the draft bye-laws as originally published, is herewith submitted for the orders of Government.

I have the honour to be
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

President.

1913.

MR-13

From The President, City Municipal Council, Bangalore

To The Secretary to the Govt of Mysore, General & Rev. Depts Bangalore

Dated

Despatched 23rd December 1912

Received

General No 141

No

Enclosures No 7

Submitting, for orders, draft bye-laws for regulating the working of Slaughter-Houses in the City.

15. No carcass or any portion of carcass of any sheep or goat slaughtered outside the limits of the City shall be supplied by any person or persons to any of the City Hospitals and English or Native hotels or eating houses without such carcass being first examined by the Veterinary Inspector of the City Municipality and the prescribed fee being paid to the contractor of the same, and whoever is found in possession of or vending such carcass or any portion, thereof, in contravention of these provisions, shall be liable on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

16. Every sheep or goat which, upon examination by the Veterinary Inspector, is found to be suffering from any infectious or contagious disease shall be marked and handed over to the owner.

17 Persons suffering from leprosy, sores or other contagious or loathsome diseases shall not be permitted to enter the slaughter house. No dog, or, any other animal not intended for slaughter, or, sheep or goat not permitted to be slaughtered shall be admitted into the slaughter house. ~~Every such dog or animal shall be handed over to the Police or destroyed if considered necessary.~~

18. The Health Officer or any other Officer of the Health Department empowered by the Health Officer on this behalf shall have free access to the slaughter-house at any time or any day, for inspection.

19. Sheep entrails and tripe which are fit for human consumption and permitted to be removed from the slaughter-house or ~~hanging~~ ~~boiler~~ rooms shall be removed in covered metal buckets or carts approved by the Health Officer, and such buckets or carts together with theacovers shall at all times be kept clean.

20. Any person who infringes Bye-laws ~~18~~ 17 & 19 shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rs 20

For President.

of the animal, the matter should be reffered to the health officer for decision.

2. In the 4th para the V.I. is required to inspect the carcases also and destroy such parts of them as are found diseased and unfit for consumption.

Inspection of living animals first and of the carcases afterwards causes much loss of time and labour and entails double work to the V.I.

It would be more economical and would satisfy all the parties concerned if the V.I. is required to inspect once for all the carcases only after the animals are slaughtered. In the latter case recovery of the fees also would be ensured in each instance while whole-sale rejection of animals would entail much loss to the Municipality.

3. In para 7. a fee of annas 3. a head is indiscriminately prescribed irrespective of the value of the animal. It would be a great hardship and injustice if a uniform rate of annas 3. is lavied both on a sheep which is worth Rs. 2/- only as well as on one worth Rs. 50/-. or more. The rate of fee must therefore be graduated on a sliding scale according to the value of the animal beginning with 3. pies and reaching to a maximum of annas 3. The levy of any fee should on no account be enforced on the animals purchased to be carried either generally beyond Municipal limits or to be slaughtered in private houses in the City under exceptional circumstances. In para 7. it is required that there should be slaughter of sheep out side the slaughter house without the President's permission. This rule may be enforced only in the case of dealers in flesh, but its operation would prove a great hardship to the general public in daily practice if ti is made promiscuously applicable to all flesh-eaters. For instance, when an animal is suddenly found hurt or injured accidently so as to endanger its further sustenance of life - it will have to be at once slaughtered as delay would result in its death and render it useless.

Secondly - when a family is unexpectedly placed in a position

to

to give a treat to a set of guests from outstations after night fall, beyond the hours of public business, the head of the family will be obliged to slaughter the animals he may have reared in his house. On such an occasion he cannot conveniently apply and secure the required permission. An exception has therefore to be made in the rule for such unforeseen contingencies.

4. Rule 9. requiring President's previous permission to send by night train carcases of animals, will also prove a hardship if it is applied to the general public except in cases of dealers in flesh This rule cannot be obeyed by a private individual who will be occasionally asked by friends or relations in out-stations to despatch a carcass of flesh unexpectedly to a mofusil place by a night train, some exception has therefore to be made in this rule also to cover such cases.

5. Rule 15. requires that in a case a man is found in possession of a carcass of flesh or any piece of it slaughtered out side the City slaughter house, it should be subject to inspection by the V.I. and payment of prescribed fee to the contractor.

This rule also which is aimed at the malpractices of dealers in mutton should be expressly restricted to them and not extended to the general public. If a private person when returning from an out side station or otherwise brings in possession of a quantity of flesh more than is required for his immediate home use and has to dispose it of at once to save its being spoiled - it would not be convenient - especially if it happens at an unreasonable hour of the night, to seek the V.I. for his permission. An exception has to be made in the rule therefore for such instances.

6. The observance of rule 17- i.e. to obtain the V.I's permission on occasions of slaughtering animals (without license) is in practice, attended with great inconvenience - since there will be often occasions when sheep or goat will have to be slaughtered immediately out of business hours in cases of SADKHA etc. when it will not be possible or convenient to obtain the required permis

If any official permission is at all necessary, the parties concerned may be allowed to do their work after giving information to and obtaining permission from the nearest Police Station.

During Dasara and Bakrid feasts, only one animal is allowed to both single induviduals and families. If a family consists of 10 or 20 members, one animal will be quite too little. In Madras - the rule is that any individual on applying to the Municipality will be permitted to slaughter as many sheep sheep or goat as he likes during Dasara and Bakrid. The same allowance should be made in this Municipality also - as any restriction in this respect is quite opposed to our religion.

7. Rule 19 requires every dealer in sheep or goat to obtain license. This rule can only be limited to the professional dealers of these animals in the City and not made applicable to the general public, especially to village ryots and others. If a villager brings occasionally a herd of sheep or goat and dispose of them in the City, he cannot obtain license before he sells them.

Secondly, if a person living in the City who owns a herd of sheep or goat suddenly happens to be in a position to leave the City unexpectedly, he will be obliged to dispose of his live stock at once he cannot obtain license on such occasions, these cases require an exception to be made in the rule.

In rule 19. a fee of 3 pies is fixed per day per every sheep or goat offered for sale in the Municipal enclosure. In the C & M station only one pie is recovered by the Municipality - the other two pies being voluntarily paid by the dealers in sheep for the benefit of the Butchers Masjid, all the dealers in that Municipality being Butchers of the Mahomedan cast. As there is no necessity for such a contribution in the City for the upkeep of a Masjid the rate of 3 pies a head has to be reduced to one pie. If an animal that is not sold the same day, is brought into the enclosure, it would be a hard-ship to the poor dealers if they are made to repeat

the

the payment of fee for the same animal every day until it is sold. The rule requires modification in this respect.

8. In rule 20. no one except a Mulla is required to do his duty without the written order of the President. If in unforeseen circumstances - such as sudden illness of Mulla or absence from the station, his services are urgently wanted by a family, it would be inconvenient to obtain such an order. Provision should therefore be made in the Byelaw that some other person approved by Mulla may perform his duties in his absence. Also - the man who is to be give given a license to do the duties of a Mulla should be such as is well versed in the religious knowledge in this respect and should be one who can be acceptable to the general public for his pious charecter and exemplary conduct.

9. IN conclusion we humbly pray that before approving the byelaws, these above objections may be considered by the Bord or placed before a committee - of the respectable citizens or members of the Board who can appreciate the practical difficulties, inconveniences and hardships that entail on the public, if the Byelaws are put into force in their present form and obtain their opinion in the matter and modify them so as to remove the many objectionable features as set forth in the above petition - for which act of kindness, we pray for your long life and prosperity.

Bangalore

We beg to remain,

Sir,

Your most obedient and humble servants

15

G.R.S 26]

File No.

Serial No.

Diary No of letter replied to

No. 6443
~~dated 19~~
dt 22-2-13

General and Revenue Secretariat
( )
, *the* *19*

To

Date of issue 22-2-13

Signed by MV JGP

My Dear Sir,

Referring to the draft bye-laws for the control of Slaughter houses in the Bangalore city submitted with ~~the~~ your ~~Inviduals~~ D.O. Letter No. 141 dt 23-12-12, I presume that the said draft bye laws have been framed by the city Municipal Council on the lines of the Slaughter house bye-laws of the C.P.H. station Mudhyn and if so, may I request you to kindly

over

SUBJECT

16 for the reasons stated
Let the Board consider the circumstances
which led the Municipal Council to
omit clauses (a) (b) (c) & (d) and to
retain only clause (e) of bye-laws
No 13 of the C & M. Station in the
draft bye-laws as bye-laws No
12.

2. I further request you to kindly
intimate that arrangements can
be made for inspecting the Slaughter
house.

Yours truly

Sd/-
22/2/13
for Secy

To
K. Ramayachetty Esq
B. S. Ranga Rao Esq
Hon President, Asst Bangalore
City Municipal Council

Hon
22-2-13.

List of enclosures,

Copied by

Examined by

GPB—30,000—25-6-10

30/4/13

G.R.S. 23]

File No 60-12
Serial No 35

Diary No. of letter replied to 5041

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT
(Rural)

the R 191

Date of issue 3.5.13

Signed by Mr JGR

S

READ— Letter No 141 dated the 23rd December 1912 from the President of the Bangalore City Municipal Council submitting for

~~ORDER THEREON ETC.~~ orders, with reference to this office letter No 706/Rul 24-09-5 dated the 25th July 1911, a copy of draft bye-laws framed under Section 48 (a) of the Municipal Regulation

over

SUBJECT

VII of 1906 for regulating the working of the Slaughter houses as modified by the Council in the light of the objections received.

order thereon dt. 8.8.96 vol 60-12 93.5.13

The draft bye-laws received with the above are sanctioned with slight alterations.

2. A copy of the bye laws as revised and sanctioned is appended to this order.

3. The President is requested to cause this bye-laws to be printed and sixty printed copies thereof sent to this Office for reference.

28/4/13

For Secy.

25/4

To

The President of the Bangalore Munl Council.

GPB—80,000—8-10-11

26.4.13

BANGALORE CITY MUNICIPALITY

Notice dated 10th May 1913

The following Bye-laws for regulating the working of Slaughter-houses within the limits of the City of Bangalore, approved by Government in their Proceedings No. 8896—MI 60-12-35, dated the 3rd May 1913, are hereby published for general information and guidance. They shall come into force at once

Bye-laws for regulating the working of Slaughter-houses within the limits of the City of Bangalore, framed under Section 48, Sub-Section (*a*) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906

1 The Municipal slaughter-house shall be the place for the slaughter of sheep or goats

2 The Veterinary Inspector in the employ of the City Municipality shall be in immediate charge of the Municipal Slaughter-house in the City of Bangalore, and shall see that no diseased sheep or goats are slaughtered therein for food, or their carcasses removed to the Municipal markets or other recognised and licensed places for sale

3 The Veterinary Inspector shall also examine the carcasses or animals slaughtered in the slaughter-house, and shall destroy or burn, at such time and place as may be appointed by the President or the Health Officer, any carcass or organ or any part of any carcass that he may find diseased and unfit for human consumption with the previous sanction of the Health Officer or any other officer of the Municipality as the President may appoint on this behalf The orders of the President in the matter shall be final

4 Sheep or goats shall be admitted into the sheep slaughter house, after they have been inspected and passed as healthy by the Veterinary Inspector, between the hours of 2 and 4 P M

5 No animal shall be admitted into the slaughter house, or slaughtered before or after the hours fixed for their admission and slaughter without an order from the President, or during his absence, from the Vice President

6 The fees payable to the contractor by owners of animals brought and admitted in the slaughter-house for slaughter, shall be three annas for every sheep or goat

7 The hours of slaughtering sheep and goats shall be from 8 to 6 P M, after which hours, the slaughter-house shall be cleared of the skins of all sheep and goats and the offal of all animals slaughtered, in order that the servants may commence removing all refuse therefrom, and otherwise attending to the cleanliness of the slaughter-house

8 The carcasses of all animals killed in the slaughter-house shall be removed to the hanging rooms, and shall be kept there till 6 A M, the following day This rule will not apply to the carcasses of animals slaughtered for immediate use on special occasions, such as public entertainments, marriages, festivals, etc, or those intended for despatch by the night train or for supply to such place or places for which the President's special permission has been obtained

9 The Veterinary Inspector shall stamp all carcasses before they are removed from the hanging rooms to the stalls in the Municipal Markets or licensed mutton stalls in the City in token that they were passed out of the slaughter-house as fit for food The Veterinary Inspector shall be careful to see that all carcasses brought for sale to the markets, bear the slaughter-house stamp The contractor or the Sanitary Inspector, Conservancy Overseers of Divisions in which there may be mutton stalls, shall do likewise wherever and whenever practicable. The Veterinary Inspector, Sanitary Inspectors, Conservancy Overseers or contractor shall report every case in which a carcass does not bear the said stamp, and shall at the same time forward any explanation which the person in possession of such carcass may offer, for the orders of the President.

10 No barter shall take place in the slaughter-house for the skins of animals slaughtered All skins shall be disposed of in stalls provided by the City Municipality for the purpose and attached to the slaughter house (a monthly rental as may be fixed by the President being paid in advance by the skin or leather merchants or others occupying the stalls), or disposed of in any other place outside the slaughter-house and removed at once to the tanneries. Stall rent bills shall be duly forwarded from the office of the Collector of Taxes at the beginning of each month The occupant of any stall failing to pay the rent in advance shall be ejected immediately

11 Any person who slaughters in the Municipal slaughter-house any sheep or goat which has not been inspected and passed by the Veterinary Inspector or slaughters before or after the hours fixed for the purpose, or removes any carcass before 6 A M, unless otherwise

specially exempted, or who offers any opposition or resistance to the Veterinary Inspector or his peons, the contractor or his servants or to the Market Sergeant or his peons, or to the Conservancy Overseers in the execution of their duty, shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20

12 The contractor shall not levy or receive any fee for slaughtering, other than that prescribed and authorised by bye-law 6

13 The Veterinary Inspector shall look after the conservancy business of the slaughter-house and shall inspect the slaughter-house daily between the hours of 6 and 7 A.M., and furnish a report to the President by 12 noon of the result of such inspection

14 No carcass or any portion of carcass of any sheep or goat slaughtered outside the limits of the City Municipality shall be sold in any of the City Municipal Markets, or any part of the City, by the owner or person in possession thereof without the carcass being first examined by the Veterinary Inspector of the City Municipality and the prescribed fee being paid to the contractor for the same, and whoever is found in possession of or vending such carcass or any portion thereof in contravention of these provisions, shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rs 20

15 No carcass or any portion of carcass of any sheep or goat slaughtered outside the limits of the City shall be supplied by any person or persons to any of the City Hospitals and English or Native hotels or eating houses without such carcass being first examined by the Veterinary Inspector of the City Municipality and the prescribed fee being paid to the contractor of the same, and whoever is found in possession of or vending such carcass or any portion thereof in contravention of these provisions, shall be liable on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rs 20

16 Every sheep or goat which, upon examination by the Veterinary Inspector, is found to be suffering from any infectious or contagious disease shall be marked and handed over to the owner

17 Persons suffering from leprosy, sores or other contagious or loathsome diseases shall not be permitted to enter the slaughter-house No dog, or any other animal not intended for slaughter, or sheep or goat not permitted to be slaughtered shall be admitted into the slaughter-house

18 The Health Officer or any other officer of the Health Department empowered by the Health Officer on this behalf shall have free access to the slaughter-house at any time or any day for inspection.

19 Sheep entrails and tripe which are fit for human consumption and permitted to be removed from the slaughter-house or hanging rooms shall be removed in covered metal buckets or carts approved by the Health Officer, and such buckets or carts together with their covers shall at all times be kept clean

20 Any person who infringes Bye-laws 17 and 19 shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rs 20

K P PUTTANNA CHETTY,
Honorary President.

A 0 120

Office of the President, Municipal Council,

Bangalore City, dated 25th February 1913.

My Dear Sir,

With reference to your D.O. letter No. 6443/M1. dated the 22nd Instant, to the President in RE draft bye-laws for the control of Slaughter houses in the Bangalore City, I beg to state that the draft in question was framed mainly on the lines of the bye-laws in force in the Civil and Military Station Municipality.

As, under the existing practice, the daily removal of blood is leased out annually on contract, and the conservancy Department daily cleans and conserves the slaughter house premises, the clauses (a) (b) (c) and (d) of bye-law No.13 of the Civil and Military Station bye-laws were found to be not applicable to this Municipality, and clause (C) was only retained.

I beg to add that the Conservancy Department under the supervision of the Vet@rinary Inspector looks after the cleansing of the slaughter house.

T. Govinda Rao, Esqr,
Assistant Secretary to Govt.
Local Boards Department.
Bangalore.

Yours sincerely,

Vice President.